

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Publishers have been induced at the request of several respectable Gentlemen concerned in the education of youth and the management of Sunday Schools, to reprint in this country the little work, entitled "*Five Hundred Questions on the New Testament, &c. by S. BARROW.*" They have the satisfaction of being able to furnish it nearly on the same terms as it is sold in Great-Britain, and in proof of its utility they subjoin the following recommendations.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION according to the catechetical form imparted in the Sunday Schools to the rising generation is productive of Piety and Virtue. The Pupils are trained up in the fear, and love of God, and taught to walk in the paths of religion. In order then that the teachers may have every aid in the discharge of their pious and benevolent labours, the Manual of BARROW's 500 Questions is recommended as a work well adapted for the Schools. By the use of it the application of the Pupil is secured, his memory exercised, his affections elevated, and his mind enlightened.

The utility of this manual has been acknowledged in the Schools which have been established in other parts of this Province. And as I am desirous of introducing it into the Kingston Sunday Schools and of encouraging its more general circulation, I readily recommend the work to the Superintendants and Teachers of the Sunday Schools in this Province, and pray that the blessing of God may attend the labours of all who are employed in establishing, supporting and cherishing these Seminaries of Piety and virtue.

GEORGE OKILL STUART,
Rector of St. George's Church in Kingston
Kingston, 7th April, 1820.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Extract from an address delivered on the 20th June, 1819, by the Honorable and Reverend DOCTOR STRACHAN at a meeting of the Sunday Schools established in York.

" After the children are acquainted with the catechism, we proceed to BARROW's five hundred questions on the New Testament, which afford most excellent exercises for the higher classes. These questions excite the greatest emulation and most earnest inquiry, as may be seen by repeating a few taken promiscuously from the book.

- Why was John beheaded ?
- How often should a man forgive injuries ?
- What were the ten Virgins like ?
- Who were Christ's Mother and Brethren ?
- Who first saw Christ after his resurrection ?
- What said the people of Christ ?
- What is the duty of Christians in regard to this world ?

At whose instigation was Christ crucified ?

The book from which these questions are taken contains no answers. They are to be discovered by the children themselves, from a diligent perusal of the New Testament. It is sometimes not an easy matter to find the proper answer. Many require much reading and research. Children in a very short time become intimately acquainted with the life and crucifixion of the Lord Jesus Christ, and the Acts of the Apostles, and it is within my knowledge that the Parents of several children have profited by assisting them in discovering answers to the questions proposed."

Kingston, 8th April, 1820.

PREFACE.

It will appear to be extraordinary rather, that the newly-invented interrogative system of instruction adopted in the Grammars of Geography and History, in the Universal Preceptor, and some other School Books, should not with less delay have been applied to the **NEW TESTAMENT**, than that a first attempt should be now made by an Author, ambitious of being useful to the rising generation, to apply so rational a system to the most important branch of all Knowledge.

We have Catechisms and Books of Questions, with answers *absurdly* annexed to the Questions, in scores, or it might, perhaps, be correctly said in HUNDREDS; but we have not to this hour, at least with the knowledge of the Author, a single exercise or working book on the **NEW TESTAMENT**, implying, calling for, or requiring, the use of **THE THINKING FACULTY** in the young student.

For the convenience of Tutors, the Answers to these important Questions are given in **THE TUTOR'S KEY**, a volume which also contains Answers to the Questions connected with **BLAIR'S UNIVERSAL PRECEPTOR**, the Grammar of Geography, and some other books essential to every course of education.

As the object of the Author of these Questions on the New Testament, has been to prepare a work of necessary and universal use in every **CHRISTIAN SEMINARY**, without distinction of **SECT** or **DENOMINATION**, he has carefully avoided all questions which might insinuate a preference towards any doctrinal points, confining himself chiefly to facts, and to his main design of familiarizing young persons with the contents of that precious and sacred volume.

The only previous qualifications which this work requires, are the arts of **READING** and **WRITING**, and the Author premises that the exercise of fair **COPYING**, which the use of it involves,

will convey to young persons a knowledge of SPELLING and of READY COMPOSITION, at the same time that they are acquiring an intimate acquaintance with the DIVINE MORALITY of the GOSPEL, and with the ELEMENTS of the CHRISTIAN Religion.

Westminster, July, 1816.

A
in
d
al
or
m
n

QUESTIONS
ON THE
GOSPEL OF ST. MATTHEW.

1. **WHAT** were the names of the Apostles ?
2. Why was John beheaded ?
3. What is a man to do to be perfect ?
4. How often should a man forgive injuries ?
5. What were the ten virgins like ?
6. What was given to Christ to drink on the Cross ?
7. Why did the Pharisees ask Christ about the tribute money ?
8. What punishment was threatened on the Jews for rejecting Christ ?
9. How did the Canaanitish woman move Christ ?
10. What was a merchantman and a net cast into the sea likened to ?

11. Who were Christ's mother and brethren?

12. Who are worthy of the Kingdom of Heaven?

13. Who betrayed Christ?

14. With whom did Christ converse after his resurrection?

15. Who was crucified with Christ?

16. Where was Christ born?

17. Why did Herod slay the children?

18. Where was Christ when he taught the Lord's Prayer?

19. What was Simon Peter's opinion of Christ?

20. To what does Christ liken the kingdom of Heaven?

21. Who are blessed?

22. Who did Christ send to preach the Gospel?

23. What did Christ predict of latter days?

24. Who first saw Christ after the resurrection ?

25. What inscription was placed on the cross over the head of Christ ?

26. Who sought the life of Christ ?

27. What said Christ of little children ?

28. What thought Herod of Christ ?

29. What did John the Baptist when he heard of Christ ?

30. How long was Christ tempted ?

31. Who preached in the wilderness of Judea ?

32. How many generations were there from Abraham to Christ ?

33. What advised Christ in regard to lawsuits.

34. Who provides for the fowls of the air ?

35. What became of the swine into which the devils entered ?

36. Why did Christ eat with publicans and sinners ?

37. What said the people of Christ ?
38. With what provisions did Christ satisfy four thousand, besides women and children ?
39. What building was it of which Christ prophesied that not one stone should remain on another ?
40. What reward had the servant who hid his one talent ?
41. What is the reward of a servant, who is found doing his duty ?
42. What reason did Christ assign for teaching in parables ?
43. Did the Evangelist assign any reasons for his teaching by parables ?
44. What shall be done to unjust Judges ?
45. What is the characteristic of false prophets ?
46. What is the duty of Christians in regard to this world ?
47. Which of the Apostles were fishermen ?

48. Where was Matthew, when called to be an apostle ?

49. Who was cured by touching the hem of Christ's garment ?

50. Who was the father of David, and who was the Son of Boaz ?

51. What was the first exhortation of Christ, when he began to preach ?

52. What is taught by the parable of the ten virgins ?

53. What will happen to the sun, moon, and stars, in the last day ?

54. At whose instigation was Christ crucified ?

55. What did the false witness charge against Christ ?

56. How many chapters are there in St. Matthew's gospel ?

57. What is the reward of virtue, and punishment of vice ?

58. What was the name of the high priest ?

59. Who betrayed Jesus, and what was his reward ?

60. How was Jesus apprehended?
61. What answered Christ relative to the tribute money?
62. What was the punishment denounced against the Scribes and Pharisees?
63. Describe Christ's miracles of walking on the sea.
64. Describe the resurrection.
65. Describe Christ's burial.
66. Describe all the circumstances of the crucifixion, from Pilate's delivery to the miraculous phenomena on the death of Christ.
67. What became of Judas?
68. Who was Pilate?
69. Narrate the examination of Jesus before Pilate,
70. What was that feast alluded to at verse 25, chapter XXVII.?
71. Who denied Jesus?
72. Describe what passed when

Christ was brought before the High Priest.

73. Relate what passed at the last supper.

74. Describe the last judgment.

75. What did Christ in the temple?

76. When did Christ prophecy his own death and resurrection?

77. Describe the transfiguration, XVII.

78. What is the relative width of the paths of good and evil?

* * * *The Student is supposed to read each book or part through before he begins to answer any questions on that part.*

ON THE

GOSPEL OF ST. MARK.

79. What was Christ's first miracle?

80. What did the people where Christ went?

81. What said Christ of a widow, who gave two mites?

82. What is the future coming of Christ like?

83. What said Peter, when Christ foretold that he would deny him?

84. What did the apostles after Christ's ascension?

85. What said John of Christ?

86. Where did Jesus begin to preach?

87. How many were fed with the seven loaves and small fishes?

88. What did the people when Christ was in the desert ?

89. How did Christ justify the plucking of corn on the sabbath ?

90. What said the unclean spirits ?

91. How old was the damsel whom he raised from the dead ?

92. With how many loaves and fishes did he feed five thousand, and how much was left ?

93. Did Christ heal on the Sabbath ?

94. Explain the parable of the sower.

95. What did Christ when the ship in which he sailed was in danger of being lost ?

96. How many swine were choked in the sea by the unclean spirits ?

97. What thought Herod of John the Baptist ?

98. What defiles a man ?

99. What said men of the apostles of Christ ?

100. What were the qualifications of Christ's followers?

101. What said Christ of Children?

102. What is the duty of Christians to the poor?

103. What said Christ of the resurrection of the dead?

104. Describe Peter's denial of Christ.

105. Who were the women who watched the death and burial of Jesus?

106. What said Jesus to the apostles after his resurrection?

107. What did Pilate believe to be the motive of the chief priest?

108. Describe the restoration to sight of Bartimæus.

109. What was the request of James and John?

110. What said Christ of the purpose of his divine mission?

111. What did Jesus say after the death of John the Baptist?

112. Why did not the Disciples of Jesus fast ?

113. What was Christ's opinion of riches ?

114. What is the reward of following Christ ?

115. Transcribe the parable of the vineyard.

116. To whom is the Gospel to be published ?

117. Where was Jesus when the woman poured the box of ointment on his head ?

118. Who bore the cross of Jesus ?

ON THE

GOSPEL OF ST. LUKE.

119. What did the Devil offer Christ ?

120. How many disciples did Christ

send two and two to preach the Gospel ?

121. In what terms did Christ curse Lawyers ?

122. What is the reward of careful servants ?

123. Transcribe the parable of the Prodigal Son.

124. What were the qualities necessary to form a Disciple of Christ ?

125. What is the reward of preferring the kingdom of God ?

126. In what terms did Christ foretel the destruction of Jerusalem ?

127. What said the malefactors who were crucified with Jesus ?

128. What did Peter at the tomb of Christ ?

129. What said Christ to his Disciples after his resurrection ?

130. What is recorded of the good Samaritan ?

131. How does Christ advise men to act towards their enemies ?

132. Where was the infant Jesus laid ?

133. What exclaimed Simeon when Jesus was circumcised ?

134. What was Herod ?

135. Who were the father and mother of John the Baptist ?

136. What was the name of the Angel that made the annunciation to Mary ?

137. What was the public proof given by Christ of His divine powers ?

138. How old was Jesus when he was baptized ?

139. What power did Christ give to his Disciples ?

140. Transcribe the parable of the great supper.

141. What did Zaccheus when he wanted to see Jesus ?

142. What parable did Christ relate when asked his authority ?

143. What did Christ to the servant

of the high priest who in apprehending him lost his ear ?

144. What said Christ about his bringing divisions rather than peace ?

145. What exclaimed the multitude on Christ's entry into Jerusalem ?

146. What said he of the process of law ?

147. What did he foretel of Jerusalem ?

148. When did Zacharius recover his speech ?

149. What made Joseph go with Mary from Nazareth to Bethlehem ?

150. As Jesus increased in stature, in what else did he increase ?

151. What did Zacharias prophesy relative to John the Baptist ?

152. In what was Jesus wrapt after his birth ?

153. What place does Christ advise to be taken at an entertainment ?

154. Transcribe the parable of the rich man and Lazarus?

155. What happened to some shepherds near Bethlehem on the night of the birth of Christ?

156. Who ought to be invited to a feast?

157. Why did St. Luke write his Gospel?

158. What did the apostles after the ascension of Christ?

159. With whom and where did Christ walk after his resurrection?

160. Describe the institution of the Lord's Supper.

161. Who are blessed?

162. Transcribe the parable of the Pharisee and the Publican.

ON THE

GOSPEL OF ST. JOHN.



163. What thought the Samaritans of Jesus ?

164. What did Jesus at the Pool of Bethesda ?

165. What is the duty or work of Christians ?

166. What thought the twelve of Christ ?

167. Where did Christ turn water into wine ?

168. Who came to Jesus by night ?

169. Where did Christ talk with the woman of Samaria ?

170. Who cut off the ear of the High Priest's servant ?

171. What did Christ in the temple ?

172. What did Joseph of Arimathea ?

173. Did the people seek to make Christ a King ?

174. Who hate the light ?

175. What said John the Baptist of himself ?

176. Where does Christ say he is the life ?

177. What was the decision of Christ in regard to the Woman taken in adultery ?

178. Where does Christ call himself the good shepherd ?

179. Who anointed the feet of Jesus ?

180. What said Jesus after Judas had gone out to betray him ?

181. What will become of those that have done good, and of those that have done evil ?

182. What rule does Christ give for Judges ?

183. Where did Christ promise to raise believers on the last day ?

184. Why did the world hate Jesus?
185. Does Jesus say he lived before Abraham?
186. Where does Christ say he is the Son of God?
187. Where does Christ declare himself the mediator for man?
188. What are the proofs of love for Christ?
189. What said Jesus to Martha?
190. What said John when he was asked concerning his baptism?
191. Where does Christ call himself the Light of the world?
192. Who were the sisters of Lazarus, and where did they live?
193. Why did God send his Son into the world?
194. What was the second miracle which Jesus did in Galilee?
195. Where does Christ call himself the Bread of Life?

196. What said John of Jesus when he saw him ?

197. Where does Christ say he and his Father are one ?

198. Who did Christ tell the woman of Samaria that he was ?

199. Whom did Christ raise from the dead ?

200. What is the reward of those who believe in Christ ?

201. What said Thomas when he heard Christ had risen ?

202. What said Jesus to Peter three times after his resurrection ?

203. What said Jesus to his Disciples when he first appeared to them after his resurrection ?

204. Who stood by the cross ?

205. In what language was the inscription put on the cross ?

206. What answers gave Jesus to Pilate ?

207. Who washed the feet of the Disciples ?

ON THE
ACTS OF THE APOSTLES.

208. What did the apostles after the ascent of Christ ?

209. What said Peter after the gift of tongues ?

210. What said Peter after the first miracle wrought by him and John ?

211. Who was chosen for an Apostle in the place of Judas ?

212. Where is it promised that Christ shall come again ?

213. Before whom were Peter and John examined ?

214. Who was Joses, and what did he ?

215. Who was Gamaliel, and whom did he advise ?

216. Transcribe the fine oration of Paul to Agrippa.

217. What said the other disciples to Peter and John after their liberation ?

218. Describe the ascent of Christ into Heaven.

219. What happened to the disciples on the day of Pentecost ?

220. What thought the High Priest and his friends of Peter and John ?

221. How many had become Christians after the first miracle of Peter and John ?

222. Who was Ananias, and what happened to him ?

223. What did Paul to the Disciples at Ephesus ?

224. Describe Paul's voyage from Cæsarea to Lasea.

225. What did Paul when he arrived at Rome ?

226. What did the people after the day of Pentecost ?

227. What befel Judas Iscariot?

228. What did the Priests and Sadducees to the Apostles?

229. Who was Sapphira, and what happened to her?

230. What passed between the council and Peter?

231. What languages were the Disciples enabled to speak on the day of Pentecost?

232. What did Peter and John after they were liberated?

233. What did the High Priest to the Apostles after the working of the miracles?

234. What said King Agrippa after he had heard Paul?

235. What did Paul during the storm?

236. What said the people to Peter's exhortation on the day of Pentecost?

237. Describe the first miracle wrought by the Apostles.

238. How were the Apostles liberat-

ed from the prison into which they were put by the High Priest ?

239. What miracles wrought Paul at Ephesus ?

240. What felt the people after the death of Ananias and Sapphira ?

241. What said the people when they heard the Apostles speak different languages ?

242. What said Peter to the High Priest ?

243. What happened to the Disciples after their prayers on the liberation of Peter and John ?

244. How many people were baptized on the day of Pentecost, and what did they among one another ?

245. What other miracles did Paul perform at Melita besides curing himself of the bite of the Viper ?

246. Who was Stephen ?

247. What passed between Philip and the Eunuch ?

248. Who was Cornelius ?

249. Where were the Disciples of Christ first called Christians?

250. Describe Paul's voyage after he left Melita.

251. Whom did Herod kill with the sword?

252. What is recorded of Saul, afterwards Paul, previous to his conversion?

253. How did Peter escape from Herod's prison?

254. What is related of Elymas, the sorcerer?

255. What happened to Paul in prison at Lydia?

256. What was the name of the island where Paul was wrecked, and how behaved the people?

257. What did Philip in Samaria?

258. Where was Saul going, and for what purpose, at the time of his conversion?

259. What did Paul to Eutychus?

260. Under what circumstances was Paul apprehended at Jerusalem?

261. Who accused Stephen, and of what crime ?

262. Through how many verses does the defence of Stephen extend ?

263. Transcribe Peter's discourse to Cornelius.

264. Describe the death of Herod.

265. Describe the uproar at Ephesus.

266. What miracle did Paul perform after he was wrecked ?

267. What was said of Saul, and what did he after his conversion ?

268. What did Peter and John in Samaria ?

269. What thought the other apostles of Peter for baptizing the Gentiles ?

270. What passed between Peter and the damsel Rhoda ?

271. Where was Paul stoned ?

272. How did Peter justify the baptism of the Gentiles ?

273. What passed after Stephen had finished his defence ?

274. What miracle performed Peter at Lydda ?

275. Who preached at Antioch, and with what success ?

276. Describe Peter's interview with Cornelius, omitting Peter's discourse.

277. What did the council of the Jews to the Apostles ?

278. Transcribe Paul's Discourse on Mar's Hill, at Athens.

279. What did Peter for Tabitha ?

280. How was Saul, afterwards Paul, converted ?

ON

ST. PAUL'S EPISTLES TO THE ROMANS AND CORINTHIANS.

281. Where was St. Paul when he wrote the Epistle to the Romans, and by whom did he send it to them ?

282. What was all the knowledge desired by St. Paul to qualify him to preach ?

283. What said St. Paul of the reward of those that love God ?

284. Where does St. Paul teach charity for the opinions of others ?

285. As St. Paul uses the word Charity in a larger sense than giving alms, what is his sense of the word ?

286. Where does St. Paul order that women shall not preach ?

287. Where did St. Paul write his second Epistle to the Corinthians, and by whom did he send it ?

288. To whom did St. Paul send salutations in his Epistle to the Romans ?

289. Where does St. Paul prove that the law does not justify the Jews ?

290. What says St. Paul of Titus ?

291. To whom did St. Paul send salutations in his second Epistle to the Corinthians ?

292. What did St. Paul call the Christians ?

293. Where does St. Paul refer to the

Baptism and conversion of the family of Stephanus?

294. To whom did St. Paul send salutations in his first Epistle to the Corinthians?

295. What is St. Paul's definition of the Gospel?

296. Where does St. Paul describe his own submission to circumstances?

297. Transcribe St. Paul's account of his own sufferings.

298. What are Temples of God?

299. What is the reasonable service of Christians to make themselves acceptable to God?

300. With what vices are the wicked filled?

301. What is the justification of the Gentiles?

302. Under what leaders did the Corinthians divide themselves?

303. Why are men uncovered, and women covered, in places of divine worship?

304. What does St. Paul say is the fulfilling of the law ?

305. Where does St. Paul shew that death came through Adam, and life through Christ ?

306. For what did St Paul thank the Romans ?

307. What said St Paul of Charity ?

308. Transcribe what St. Paul records of Christ's resurrection.

309. What said St. Paul of his troubles and perseverance ?

310. Transcribe what St. Paul says about the third heaven.

311. How many chapters are there in these three Epistles ?

312. What said St. Paul of the value of giving alms to the poor ?

313. To whom did St. Paul address his Epistle to the Romans ?

314. Where did St. Paul write his first Epistle to the Corinthians, and by whom did he send it to them ?

315. What says St. Paul of the manner of the resurrection ?

316. Transcribe St. Paul's account of the Lord's supper.

317. Where does St. Paul rank gossiping and backbiting among the anti-christian vices ?

318. What required the Jews and the Greeks ?

319. Where does St. Paul say that the wages of sin is death ?

THE REMAINDER OF
St. PAUL's EPISTLES.

320. What will become of the good on the day of Judgment ?

321. Whence did St. Paul write his second Epistle to Timothy ?

322. For whom is the law made ?

323. What does St. Paul direct relative to the dress of women ?

324. What is St. Paul's character of the last days?

325. Is circumcision necessary to Christians?

326. What are the duties of servants and masters?

327. What allusions does St. Paul make to Luke and Mark?

328. How many Epistles did St. Paul write?

329. What ought a bishop not to be?

330. Where does St. Paul state that he is the Apostle of the uncircumcised?

331. What said St. Paul of idleness, and of his own mode of living?

332. Transcribe St. Paul's exhortation to Timothy, to be contented and not to seek riches.

333. Where did St. Paul write his two Epistles to the Thessalonians?

334. What are the works of the flesh?

335. Does it appear that any persons

about the Roman Emperors had become Christians?

336. Why does Paul exhort Timothy to pray for persons in authority?

337. What are the qualifications of a Bishop?

338. What says St. Paul of sorrowing for the dead?

339. Transcribe St. Paul's account of his difference in opinion with St. Peter.

340. What is the law among Christians?

341. Of what does St Paul declare himself a minister?

342. Whom did St. Paul send to comfort the Thessalonians?

343. Where does St. Paul mention Luke the Physician and Evangelist?

344. Where does St. Paul explain that the heathen are justified by faith, without the Jewish law?

345. Who taught St. Paul the Gospel?

346. What account does St. Paul give of himself to the Philippians?

347. What says St. Paul to Timothy of the end of religious obligation?

348. For what did Christ Jesus come into the world?

349. What are the duties of young women and young men?

350. What are the qualifications of Deacons?

351. What was the religion of the Thessalonians before their conversion to Christianity?

352. Where did St. Paul write his Epistle to the Galatians?

353. Whom did St. Paul propose to send to the Philippians?

354. What was Tychicus to do at Colosse?

355. Where does Paul caution against philosophy?

356. What does St. Paul advise the Philippians to think on?

357. What are the fruits of the Spirit of Christ?

358. Where does St. Paul exhibit Christ Jesus as an example of humility rewarded?

359. What is the armour of a Christian?

360. Who made St. Paul an Apostle?

361. What is the duty of Children?

362. Who were the Apostles of the circumcised?

363. What power has God conferred on Christ?

364. Why did Jesus Christ give himself up?

365. What are the duties of aged men and women?

366. What says St. James of evil speaking?

ON THE

EPISTLES of St. JAMES, PETER, JOHN, and JUDE.

366. What says St. James of evil speaking?

367. What has God done with the fallen angels ?

368. What is the origin of war and fighting ?

369. What will the scoffers say in the last days ?

370. What did Peter hear in the Holy Mount ?

371. How many epistles are there, including those of St. Paul ?

372. Who is Antichrist ?

373. What says James of faith without works ?

374. About what did Michael dispute with the Devil ?

375. What are the miseries of riches ?

376. What says St. Peter of prophecy ?

377. What is our duty to the poor ?

378. What says St. James of the Tongue ?

379. What says St. John of love of the world ?

380. Where is it foretold that the world shall be destroyed by fire?

381. What is the victory that overcometh the world?

382. What is the origin of sin?

383. What says St. James of the fleeting life of man?

384. What says St. John of sin?

385. What did God to the Angels that sinned?

THE REVELATIONS.

THE REVELATIONS.

386. What happened when the seventh angel sounded?

387. What was John to write to the Church of Laodicea?

388. What happened when the Lamb opened the second seal?

389. What happened when the second angel sounded?

390. What was John to write to the angel of the church of Ephesus ?

391. Describe the woman who was a great wonder in heaven.

392. What was the number of the beast ?

393. What happened on opening the sixth seal ?

394. Who sung a new song before the throne ?

395. Describe the beast with seven heads and ten horns.

396. Which were the seven churches ?

397. What happened on opening the third seal ?

398. What happened when the fifth angel sounded ?

399. Describe him that sat on the throne.

400. What was John to write to the church of Smyrna ?

401. What did the Lamb ?

402. What happened on opening the seventh seal ?
403. What book did John eat, and how ?
404. What did the dragon to the woman ?
405. What was John to write to the church of Philadelphia ?
406. Who was the person who stood amidst the seven candlesticks ?
407. Describe the seven spirits of God.
408. What happened when the third angel sounded ?
409. What were the seven stars and the seven candlesticks ?
410. What was John to write to the church of Pergamus ?
411. What happened when the Lamb opened the fifth seal ?
412. Who worshipped the Lamb ?
413. What was the book with seven seals ?

414. What happened on sounding the first trumpet?

415. Describe the angel that had the little open book in his hand.

416. What happened when the third vial was poured out?

417. What was John to write to the church of Thyatira?

418. What happened when the sixth angel sounded?

419. What happened when the fifth vial was poured out?

420. Describe the four beasts that were in the midst of the throne.

421. What happened when the Lamb opened the first seal?

422. What was John to write to the church at Sardis?

423. What happened when the Lamb opened the fourth seal?

424. What happened when the second vial was poured out?

425. Describe the Holy Jerusalem.

426. What happened between Michael and the Dragon?

427. What happened when the seventh vial was poured out?

428. What happened when the fourth angel sounded?

429. Describe the seven angels having the seven plagues and seven vials.

430. Describe the river of the water of life.

431. What happened when the fourth vial was poured out?

432. What light was there in the holy Jerusalem?

433. Describe the beast which had two horns like a lamb.

434. What happened when the sixth vial was poured out?

435. What became of Satan?

436. Describe the great day of resurrection, as seen by John.

437. Describe the Tree of Life.

438. What happened when the first vial was poured out?

439. What meant the great Whore that sat on many waters?

440. Describe the fall of Babylon.

MISCELLANEOUS EXERCISES
ON THE

FOUR EVANGELISTS.

Write out, in opposite columns,* the account given by each Evangelist, of the DISCOURSES of JESUS as arranged beneath in their chronological order, and specify the names of the places where they were delivered.

441. Conversation with Nicodemus,

442. Conversation with the woman of Samaria.

443. Discourse in the Synagogue of Nazareth.

* The student should be provided with folio paper ruled in four columns, and sewed in a Book for reference.

444. Sermon on the Mount.
445. Instructions to the Apostles.
446. Denunciations against Chorazni, &c.
447. Discourse on occasion of healing the infirm man at Bethesda.
448. Discourse concerning the Disciples plucking ears of corn on the Sabbath.
449. Refutation of his working miracles by the agency of Belzebub.
450. Discourse on the bread of Life.
451. Discourse about internal purity.
452. Discourse against giving or taking offence, and concerning forgiveness of injuries.
453. Discourse at the Feast of Tabernacles.
454. Discourse on occasion of the woman taken in adultery.
455. Discourse concerning the sheep.
456. Denunciations against the Scribes and Pharisees.

457. Discourses concerning humility and prudence

458. Directions how to attain Heaven.

459. Discourse concerning his sufferings.

460. Denunciations against the Pharisees.

461. Prediction of the destruction of Jerusalem.

462. The Consolatory Discourse.

463. Discourse as he went to Gethsemane.

464. Discourse to the Disciples before his Ascension.

Write out in opposite Columns, each Evangelist's account of the several PARABLES of JESUS, arranged, as beneath, in chronological order, and specify the places where they were delivered.

465. Sower.

466. Tares.

467. Seed springing up imperceptibly.

468. Grain of Mustard Seed.

469. Leaven.

470. Found Treasure.

471. Precious Pearl.

472. Net.

473. Two Debtors.

474. Samaritans.

475. Rich Glutton.

476. Servants who waited for their Lord.

477. Barren Fig Tree.

478. Lost Sheep.

479. Lost Piece of Money.

480. Prodigal Son.

481. Dishonest Steward.

482. Rich man and Lazarus.

483. Unjust Judge.

484. Pharisee and Publican.

- 485. Labourers in the Vineyard.
- 486. Pounds.
- 487. Two Sons.
- 488. Vineyard.
- 489. Marriage feast.
- 490. Ten Virgins.
- 491. Talents.
- 492. Sheep and the Goats.

Write out, in opposite columns, in the words of each Evangelist, the account of the MIRACLES of CHRIST as arranged beneath in chronological order, specifying, if distinguished, the names of the places where they were wrought.

- 493. Turning water into wine.
- 494. Curing the Nobleman's Son of Capernaum.
- 495. Causing a miraculous draught of fishes.
- 496. Curing a Demoniac.

497. Healing Peter's Wife's Mother of a Fever.

498. Healing a Leper.

499. Healing the Centurion's servant.

500. Calming the Tempest.

501. Curing the Demoniacs of Gadara.

502. Curing a man of the palsy.

503. Restoring to life the daughter of Jarius.

504. Curing a woman diseased with a flux of blood.

505. Restoring to sight two blind men.

506. Healing one possessed with a dumb spirit.

507. Curing an infirm man at Bethesda.

508. Curing a man with a withered hand.

509. Curing a Demoniac.

510. Feeding miraculously five thousand.

511. Healing the woman of Canaan's daughter.

512. Healing a man who was dumb and deaf.

513. Feeding miraculously four thousand.

514. Giving sight to a blind man.

515. Curing an epileptic boy.

516. Restoring to sight a man born blind.

517. Healing a woman under an infirmity eighteen years.

518. Curing a dropsy.

519. Cleansing ten Lepers.

520. Raising Lazarus from the dead.

521. Restoring to sight two blind men.

522. Blasting the fig tree.

523. Healing the ear of Malchus.

524. Causing the miraculous draught of fishes.

Write out in opposite columns, the account given by each of the Evangelists of the following events :

525. The birth of Christ.

526. His examination before Pilate.

527. His condemnation by the Jews.

528. His crucifixion.

529. His death.

530. His burial.

531. His resurrection.

532. His ascension ; and to this last, add the account given in the Acts of the Apostles.

N. B.—*These 532 Questions, at one per day, will occupy the Student nearly a year and a half. Greek, Latin, or French Testaments may be used by students in those languages.*

NAMES OF REMARKABLE

PERSONS AND PLACES

RECORDED IN THE NEW TESTAMENT,

DIVIDED AND ACCENTED.

A-grip'-pa, before whom St. Paul pleaded his cause at Cesarea.

A-na-ni'-as, who was struck dead for telling a lie.

An'-drew, one of the apostles.

An'-na, a prophetess.

A-pol'-los, an Alexandrine Jew, who preached the gospel at Ephesus, after Paul had left it.

A-ra'-bi-a, a large country in Asia.

Ar-che-lu'-us, the son of Herod, who succeeded his father in the government of Judea.

Au-gus'-tus Cæ-sar, emperor of Rome, in whose reign our Saviour was born.

Bar'-na-bas, the companion of St. Paul, who was stoned to death by the Jews, at Cyprus.

- Ba-rab'-bas*, a notorious robber, whom the Jews preferred to Christ.
- Bar-tho'-lo-mew*, one of the twelve apostles.
- Beth'-a-ny*, a village near Jerusalem.
- Beth'-le-hem*, a town of Judea, where our Saviour was born.
- Beth'-pha-ge*, a town near the mount of Olives.
- Cai'-a-phas*, the high-priest of the Jews who condemned Christ.
- Ca-per-na'-um*, a town situated on the borders of the lake of Genesareth.
- Ce-sa-re'-a Phil'-ip-pi*, an inland town built by Philip the tetrarch.
- Chris'-ti-ans*, those who profess the religion of Christ.
- Ele-o'-pas*, one of the disciples to whom Christ appeared after his resurrection near Emmaus.
- Cor-ne'-lius*, a Roman centurion, and the first Gentile who was converted to the Christian faith.
- Da-mas'-cus*, a city of Syria.
- De-me'-tri-us*, who raised a great commotion against Paul in the City of Ephesus.
- E-liz'-a-beth*, the wife of Zacharias, the

high priest, and mother of John the Baptist.

Fe'-lix, the Roman proconsul, who kept Paul two years in prison.

Ga'-bri-el, the angel who appeared to Zacharias, and announced to him that she should have a son, and who also appeared to the Virgin Mary, intimating that she should be the mother of the Messiah.

Ga-de'-re-ne, situated opposite to the coasts of Galilee.

Ga'-li-lee, a part of Asiatic Turkey; the upper part of which was so much frequented by heathen nations, that it was called Galilee of the Gentiles.

Ga-ma'-li-el, a learned Jewish Rabbi, under whom St. Paul studied the law.

Ge-ne'-se-reth, the lake of, also called the sea of Galilee; and lake of Tiberius.

Gen'-tiles, all those who were not Jews.

Geth-se'-ma-ne, near the mount of Olives, where Christ was betrayed by Judas.

He-rod, who was confirmed in the go-

vernment of Judea, by Augustus, and who caused all the male children in Bethlehem, to be slain, in the hope of destroying the Messiah.

He'-rod A-grip'-pa, who put St. James to death, imprisoned St. Paul, and who, in order to ingratiate himself with the Sanhedrim, commenced a violent persecution against the Christians.

Ja'-ri-us, a ruler of a synagoge, whose daughter was miraculously restored to life by Jesus Christ.

John the Bap'-tist, and forerunner of the Messiah, who was beheaded by order of Herod, at the request of Salome.

John, one of the apostles who wrote the gospel that goes by his name, also the epistles, and the book of Revelations.

Jo'-seph, of Galilee, the reputed father of Jesus Christ.

Jo'-seph, of A'-ri-ma-the'-a, who piously took the body of Jesus Christ from the cross, embalmed and buried it in a sepulchre.

Ju'-dus Is-ca'-ri-ot, the apostle who betrayed his Lord and master into the hands of his enemies, and who afterwards hanged himself.

Jude, one of the apostles, author of an epistle that goes by his name.

La'-za-rus, the brother of Martha and Mary, who was greatly beloved by Jesus Christ, and restored by him to life, after having been dead four days.

Luke, a physician and disciple of the apostles; who accompanied St. Paul, in his travels, and wrote the acts of the apostles, and also one of the gospels.

Ley'-si-as, a Roman who preserved the life of St. Paul at Jerusalem.

Ma'-gi, learned men who inhabited Persia and Arabia, and who devoted themselves to a purer religion than was observed by many of their heathen neighbours.

Mal'-ta, an island in the Mediterranean sea, where St. Paul suffered shipwreck.

Mark, one of the Evangelists.

Ma-ry, the virgin, the mother of Jesus

Christ, a descendant from the tribe of Judah, and of the royal house of David.

Mary Mag'-da-lene, to whom an angel announced the resurrection of Christ.

Martha, the sister of Lazarus, with whom she lived at Bethany.

Mat'-thew, one of the evangelists; he is said to have suffered martyrdom in Persia.

Mat'h'-as, who was chosen one of the apostles, in the place of Judas Iscariot.

Na'-za-reth, a town of Galilee.

Ni-co-de'-mus, a ruler of the Jews converted to Christianity.

Pa"-ra-ble, a similitude which, under the disguise of a fable, conveys moral truths.

Pe'-ter, one of the apostles who denied having any knowledge of his master; his conscience was, however, awakened by the crowing of the cock, and he bitterly repented.

Pha"-ri-sees, a religious sect among the Jews, who thought more of the ceremonies, than of the letter, of the

- law; who were rigid in the outward forms of religion, but entirely neglected purity of heart.
- Phi-lip*, one of the apostles, and author of one of the epistles.
- Pon'-ti-us Pi-late*, the Roman governor of Judea, who condemned Jesus to be scourged and crucified.
- Sad'-du-cees*, Jewish free-thinkers, who denied the doctrine of a future state.
- Sa-ma"-ri-tans*, originally heathens, settled by the king of Assyria in the Israelitish cities, after the captivity.
- San-he'-drin*, the chief council among the Jews, consisting of seventy elders; over whom the high priest presided.
- Sa-phi'-ra*, the wife of Ananias, who dropped down dead, after uttering a wilful and premeditated lie.
- Saul*, or *Paul*, the great persecuter of the Christians, who was miraculously converted, whilst on his road to Damascus for the purpose of commencing a violent persecution against the Jews.
- Scribe*, a public teacher or lawyer, who

was generally of the sect of the Pharisees.

Ser'-gi-us Pau'-li-nus, a Roman pro-consul converted to Christianity by St. Paul.

Si'-las, the companion of Paul, and who was imprisoned with him at Philippi.

Si'-me-on, a Cyrenean, who carried our Saviour's cross to the place of crucifixion.

Si'-mon, one of the apostles.

Si'-mon, a false prophet, who was converted to the truth, by the preaching and miracles of Philip.

Ste'-phen, one of the seven deacons, appointed by the apostles, who suffered martyrdom, by being stoned to death.

Sy'-ri-a, formerly a province of Canaan, now a province of Turkey in Asia.

Ti'-mo-thy, a greek convert at Lystra, who associated himself with St Paul after he had parted from Barnabas.

Thud'-de-us, or Jude, one of the apostles.

Tho'-mas, one of the apostles.

Za'-cha-ri'-as, a priest to whom an angel

ect of the
man pro-
mianity by
and who
m at Phil-

carried our
ace of cru-

no was con-
the preach-
ilip.

deacons, ap-
who suffer-
ng stoned to

e of Canaan,
rkey in Asia.

t at Lystra,

with St Paul
om Barnabas.

f the apostles.
tles.

whom an angel

foretold the birth of John the Bap-
tist.

Sat-che-us, a chief tax gatherer, who,
upon the preaching of Jesus Christ,
made public profession of repent-
ance, and restitution to those whom
he had injured.

* * The preceding Vocabulary may
at leisure be committed to memory with
great advantage, taking one name as a
task. See also the *Young Christian's*
Library by the same Author, for more
extensive information on the same sub-
jects: or *Dr. ROBINSON'S CHRISTIAN*
CYCLOPEDIA, or *general Theological*
Dictionary, the most valuable body of
Divinity ever printed, and a work which
will be honourable to the age that pro-
duced it.

EXPLANATION

OF THE
OFFICES AND CONDITIIONS OF MEN.

Patriarchs, or Fathers of Families, such as *Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob,* and his sons.

Judges, Temporary Supreme Governors, immediately appointed by God over the children of *Israel.*

Kings, either of the whole nation, or after the falling off of the ten tribes, of *Judah* or *Israel.*

Elders, Senators, the LXX, or Sanhedrim.

Judges, inferior rulers, such as determined controversies in particular cities.

Presidents, or Governors, sent from *Rome* with imperial power.

Tetrarchs, who had kingly power in four provinces.

Proconsuls, or Deputies of Provinces.

Publicans, or Tax-gatherers.

Centurions, Captains of a hundred men.

High Priests, who only might enter the Holy of Holies.

ION

OGS OF MEN.

of Families,
and Jacob, and

Supreme Go-
vinted by God

ole nation, or
ten tribes, of

XX, or San-

uch as deter-
ticular cities.

s, sent from

gly power in

of Provinces.
ers.

a hundred

might enter

Priests, Levites of the sons of *Aaron*, divided into twenty-four ranks, each rank serving weekly in the temple.

Levites, of the tribe of *Levi*, but not of *Aaron's* family; of these there were three orders, *Gershonites*, *Koathites*, and *Merarites*, after the several sons of *Levi*.

Prophets, anciently called *Seers*, who foretold future events, and denounced God's judgments.

Children of the Prophets, their disciples or scholars.

Wise Men, called so in imitation of the eastern Magi, or Gentile Philosophers.

Scribes, Writers and Expounders of the law.

Disputers, that raised and determined questions out of the law.

Rabbies, or *Doctors*, Teachers of *Israel*.

Pharisees, Separatists, who on the opinion of their own godliness despised all others.

Sadducees, who denied the resurrection of the dead, angels, and spirits.

Samaritans, mongrel professors, partly Heathen, and partly Jews, the offspring of the *Assyrians* sent to *Samaria*.

EXPLANATION
Of Measures, Monies, and Divisions of
Time.

MEASURES OF LENGTH.

	<i>Cubits.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Decimal parts.</i>
A cubit.....	1	1	9	888
A span.....	<i>half cub.</i>	0	10	944
A hand-breadth.....	<i>6th</i>	0	3	648
A finger.....	<i>24th</i>	0	0	912
A fathom.....	4	7	3	552
Ezekiel's reed.....	6	10	11	328
The measuring line..	80	145	14	040
		<i>Mile.</i>	<i>Paces.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>
Sabbath day's jour...	2000	0	720	8
The Eastern mile...	4000	1	403	1
Stadium or furlong...	400	0	145	4,6
Day's journey.....	9600	33	172	4

Note;... 5 feet = 1 pace.... 1056 paces = to 1 mile.

Divisions of

NGTH.

Feet.	Inches.	Decimal parts.
1	0	888
0	10	944
0	3	648
0	0	912
7	3	552
10	11	328
15	14	040
Yards.	Paces.	Feet.
0	720	3
1	403	1
0	145	4,6
33	172	4

60 paces = to 1

MONIES.

		£	s.	d.
A shekel.....		0	1	3
The bekah.....	half shek	0	2	1
The zuzah.....	4th	0	0	6
The gerah.....	20th	0	0	1
Maach, or mina.....	50	5	13	10
A talent.....	3000	341	10	4
A shekel of gold.....		1	16	5
A talent of gold.....	5404	540	4	8
Piece of silver.....	1	s.	d.	s.
(Drachm).....	1	0	7	3
Tribute Money.....	2 Drac.	1	3	2
(Didrachm).....	4	2	7	0
Piece of silver.....	100	64	7	0
(Stater).....	20th den	0	7	0
Pound (Mina).....	40th	0	0	1, 1/2
Penny (Denarius).....	80th	0	0	5
Farthing (Astantum).....		0	0	5
Farthing (Quad-drans).....		0	0	5
Mite.....		0	0	5

Silver is reckoned at 5s. and gold at 4l. per oz.

DIVISION OF TIME.

1. Nisan or Abid,.....*March, April.*
2. Ijar, or Zif,.....*April, May.*
3. Sivan,.....*May, June.*
4. Thamu,.....*June, July.*
5. Ab,.....*July, August.*
6. Elul,.....*August, September.*
7. Tisri or Ethanim,.....*September, October.*
8. Marchesvan, or Bul,.....*October, November.*
9. Chisleu,.....*November, December.*
10. Tebeth,.....*December, January.*
11. Shebat,.....*January, February.*
12. Adar,.....*February, March.*
13. Veadar,.....*Intercalary days.*

Days of the Week.

- 1st day of the Week,..*Sunday.*
- 2d day.....*Monday.*
- 3d day.....*Tuesday.*
- 4th day.....*Wednesday.*
- 5th day.....*Thursday.*
- 6th day.....*Friday.*
- 7th or Sabbath,.....*Saturday.*

TIME.

h, April.

May.

June.

July.

August.

t, September.

ber, October.

r, November.

ber, December.

ber, January.

y, February.

ry, March.

ary days.

t.

unday.

onday.

uesday.

ednesday.

ursday.

riday.

aturday.

Hours of the Day.

The day, reckoning from sun-rise, and the night, from sun-set, were each divided into 12 equal parts, called, The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, &c. Hours.

Watches.

The 1st watch was from sun-set to the third hour of the night.

The 2d or middle watch, from the third hour to the sixth.

The 3d watch, or cock-crowing, from the sixth to the ninth.

The 4th, or morning watch, from the ninth hour to sun-rise.

* * * See also Dr. ROBINSON'S CHRISTIAN CYCLOPEDIA; or, General Theological Dictionary.

A CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE of the Sacred Books of the New Testament.

Books.	Place where Written.	Year of Christ when written.
Matthew.....	Judea, or near it....	About 64
Mark	Rome	 64
Luke	Greece	 63 or 4
John	Ephesus.....	 68
Acts	Greece.....	 63 or 4
Romans	Corinth.....	About February... 58
1 Corinthians.....	Ephesus.....	Beginning of.... 56
2 Corinthians.....	Macedonia.....	About October... 57
Galatians.....	Corinth, or Ephesus.	{ Near the end of 52 or beginning of 53
Ephesians	Rome	About April..... 61
Philippians	Rome.....	Before the end of... 62
Colossians.....	Rome	Before the end of... 52
1 Thessalon.....	Athens.....	 52
2 Thessalon.....	Athens.....	 52
1 Timothy.....	Macedonia	 56
2 Timothy.....	Rome.....	About May..... 61
Titus.....	Macedonia, or near it	Before the end of... 56
Philemon.....	Rome.....	Before the end of... 62
Hebrews	Rome, or Italy	In the spring of... 63
James.....	Judea	61, or beginning of 62
1 Peter.....	Rome.....	 61
2 Peter.....	Rome.....	 64
John 1st Epis. Ephesus.....		About 80
John 2d Epis. Ephesus.....		Between 80 and... 90
John 3d Epis. Ephesus.....		Between 80 and... 90
Jude.....	Unknown.....	 64 or 65
Revelation.....	Patmos, or Ephesus..	 95 or 96

FINIS.

